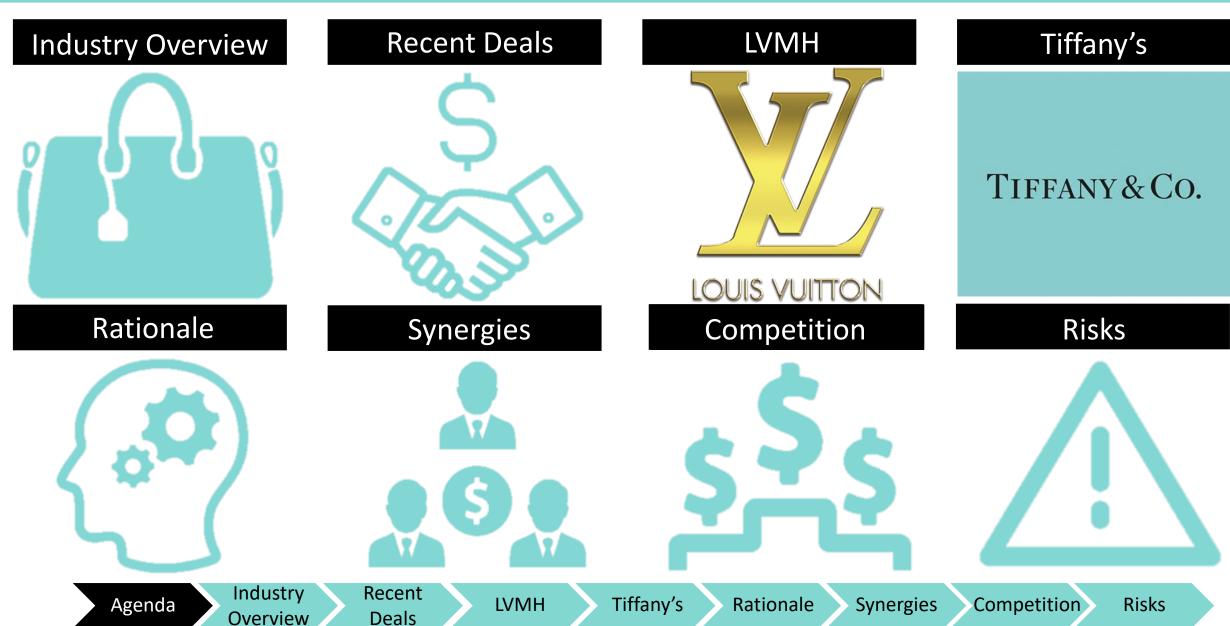


TIFFANY&CO.

Industry Group: Consumer & Retail

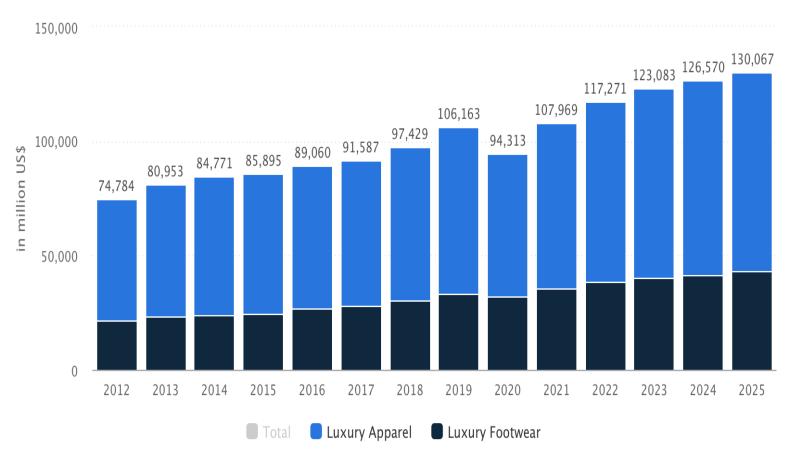
Dean Macchia, Carl Pai, Zach Jacobus-Oseroff, Ravin Nanda, Sharon Sapoff, & Stratton Papakirk

Agenda



Industry Overview

Revenue and Growth



Source: Statista (Forecast adjusted for expected impact of COVID-19), July 2020

Industry Factors

Stakeholder Pressure

Stakeholders—namely, customers—are incentivizing high fashion houses to address issues related to sustainability, diversity, creativity, and innovation.

Winner-Takes-All Economy

M&A activity within the luxury fashion space has increased by more than 100% since 2000, making it an incredibly competitive and tiered industry

Volatility and Response

The high fashion industry is incredibly risky, especially with growing dependence on China. Successful companies will prioritize margins and adaptive leadership.

Industry Overview

Key Players

KERING

RICHEMONT



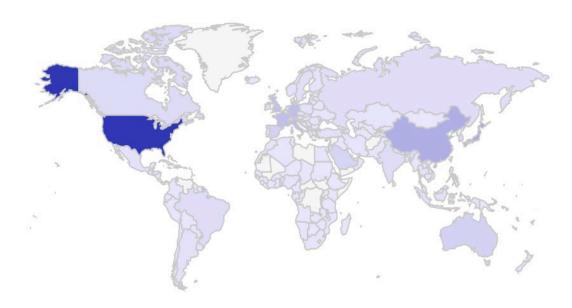




COVID-19 Effect

- Falls in disposable income and American/Chinese tourism have disincentivized spending on luxury goods
- Industry will likely recover after the release of a vaccine and the return to pre-virus stability

Geography





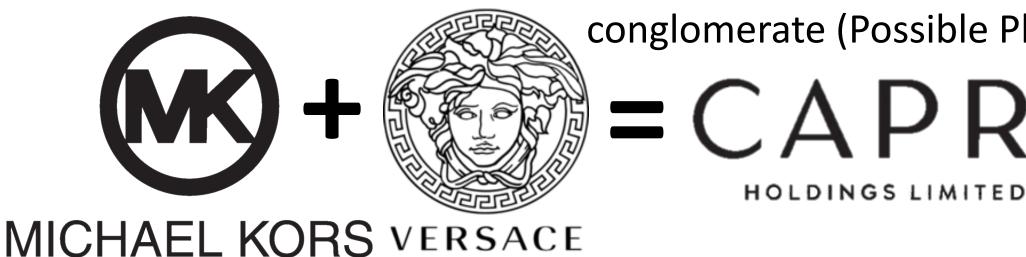
Source: Statista (Forecast adjusted for expected impact of COVID-19), July 2020 © Natural Earth

Recent Deals

LVMH-Dior

\$13.1 Billion: Previously Largest Luxury Deal (LVMH-Tiffany is \$15.8 Billion)

- Conglomerate-Dominated M&A
- Increased consolidation by top players
- High pandemic resilience for conglomerates
- Capri Holdings: 1st U.S.-based luxury conglomerate (Possible Player)



LVMH

Who is LVMH?

A French multinational luxury products conglomerate that manages 75 prestigious brands (Houses) with a retail network of 4,910 stores, headquartered in Paris, France.

Business Model

Create products that embody unique savoir-faire on heritage with modernity.

Produce and market their products and services through distinct/selected channels.

Prioritize long-term vision that builds on heritage and stimulates creativity and excellence.

Committed to integrity and ethics towards its businesses and stakeholders with its Code of Conduct.

Six Pillars Operating Model

Decentralized organization Houses are autonomous and responsive, empowering employees while minimizing the distance between customers.



LVMH commits significant resources to develop its Houses by encouraging creativity and excelling employees.

Vertical integration Integration allows control throughout the value chain, from sourcing to producing to retailing.

Synergy creation

Sharing resources among the group creates synergies and strengths while maintaining the identity of each House.

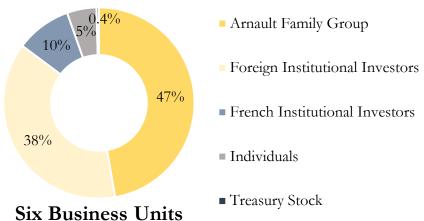
Savoir-faire

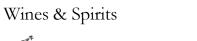
LVMH has ensured that each Houses value craftmanship and creativity in order to preserve distinct identities long term.

Businesses/Geographies balance A balance across business activities and geographies allows LVMH to sustain growth and withstand economic risks.

Capital Structure

Main holding company: Christian Dior SE







Watches and Jewelry







Fashion & Leather Goods

Hennessy moët & Chandon



Christian Dior



Selective Retailing









Other Activities



Industry Agenda Overview

Recent **Deals**

LVMH

Tiffany's

Rationale

Synergies

PROFESSIONAL - PARI

Competition

LVMH

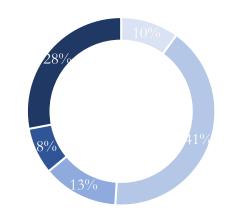
Financial indicators

Revenue by Region as a % of total revenue



Revenue by Business Units

as a % of total revenue



- Wines & Spirits
- Fashion & Leather Goods
- Perfumes & Cosmetics
- Watches & Jewelry
- Selective Retailing + Other Activities

Recent performance and outlooks

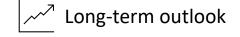


Income statement

in millions of euros	2017	2018	2019	
Revenue	42,636	46,826	53,670	
Gross Margin	27,853	31,201	35,547	
in % of revenue	65%	67%	66%	
Profit from recurring operations	8,293	10,003	11,504	
Net profit	5,840	6,990	7,782	

Short-term outlook

- Good resilience from big brands under Covid-19
- Strong recovery in Q3 from all business units, most notably Fashion and Leather Goods
- Solid growth in online sales, partially offsetting the negative impact of months of store closures
- Suspension of international travel severely penalized travel retail and hotel activities



- Focus on innovative and high quality products and more selective investments, notably store network expansion, cost management and agility
- Continue to tightly oversee excellence in its brands to maintain the prestige and luxury
- Continue to invest in ESG, notably lowering carbon emissions, promoting inclusion and applying strict standards in its supply chains

Agenda Industry
Overview

Recent Deals

LVMH

Tiffany's R

Rationale Syne

Synergies Competition

Tiffany & Co.

What is Tiffany?

Tiffany & Co. is an American luxury jewelry retailer headquartered in New York City, NY, made up of 326 stores globally, and is engaged in product design, manufacturing, and retail.

Business Model: Key points

Optimize retail profitability and productivity

Amplify an evolved brand message

Renew the Company's product offerings and enhance in-store presentations

Deliver an exciting omnichannel customer experience

Strategic Priorities

Sales Growth

 Mid-single-digit percentage increase

Operating Margins

- Efficiencies in supply chain
- Pricing

Strong Capital Structure

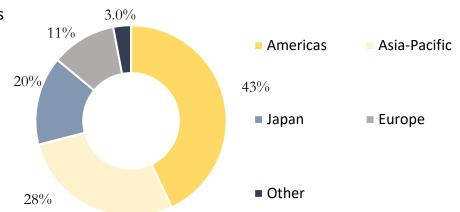
 Ability to invest in strategic initiatives

Tiffany's

Improve Inventory

 Maintain inventory growth at a rate less than sales growth

Sales by Region



Productivity

 Increase conversion of traffic to customers

Agenda Industry
Overview

Recent Deals

LVMH

Rationale

Synergies

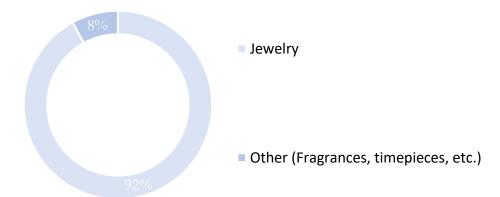
Competition

Tiffany & Co.

Financial Indicators

Revenue by Business Units

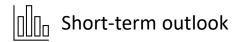
as a % of total revenue



Recent performance and outlooks

Income statement

in thousands of dollars	2017	2018	2019
Revenue	4,169,800	4,442,100	4,424,000
Cost of Revenue	1,565,100	1,631,100	1,662,100
Gross Profit	2,604,700	2,811,000	2,761,900
Operating Expenses	1,810,200	2,020,700	2,029,300
Operating Income	794,500	790,300	732,600



- Like LVMH, good bounce back, but strongly affecting 2020 numbers
- Although this will affect the short term, Tiffany sells because of the brand
- Pandemic has led to continued fall of in-store retail sales
- Like LVHM, online numbers have made up for fall in retail

Long-term outlook

- Address the seasonality of purchases
- Address fall in consumer spending due to falling consumer confidence
- Increase in cost of diamonds is pertinent
- Business is dependent on distinctive appeal of the Tiffany & Co. brand
- Environmental efforts

Agenda Industry
Overview

Recent Deals

LVMH

Tiffany's

Rationale Synd

Synergies

Competition

Strategic Rationale & Synergies

Jewelry industry faces high barriers to entry but has 8.1% CAGR

Tiffany's brand value + LVMH resources → 17% operation margin growth to 23%

Jewelry Market
presents high growth
potential and the
opportunity to increase
LVMH and Tiffany's
operating margins

LVMH can access US market and attract a younger generation

Smooth transition and Tiffany's autonomy allows the company to uphold vertical integration, organic creativity, and grow

LVMH can increase its revenue from jewelry sales from 9% to 17%

Tiffany's relatively lower priced products will expand LVMH's client base to a younger generation

Tiffany's CEO = Ex LVMH Executive

Tiffany's will retain control over operations while leveraging LVMH's digital branding resources

Agenda

Industry Overview Recent Deals

LVMH

Tiffany's

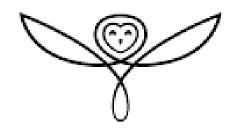
Rationale

Synergies

Competition

Competition

KERING



Moncler Acquisition?

RICHEMONT

"Hard Luxury" Sales

Richemont: €9.16B

LVMH: €4.2B

Rationale

LVMH + Tiffany: €8.2B



Risks/Downsides



Resurgence of COVID-19 cases can lead to store shutdowns and strict travel restrictions again, adversely impacting tourism and sales



Reduced interest in fashion: divergence of spending to entertainment and travel categories



Trade wars: Trump Administration plans to impose a 25% tariff on French goods, such as cosmetics and handbags, as of January 2021



Failure to complete the acquisition within the expected time frame or at all



Even if LVMH receives a discount and completes the acquisition, Arnault's reputation as a reliable buyer will be harmed



Reduced discretionary spending and falling consumer confidence for prolonged periods of time



Potential of poor sales in Q4, around holiday season, which usually represents about third of annual net sales



Increases in costs of diamonds, other gemstones and precious metals, thus decreasing supply



A strength of the U.S. dollar against foreign currencies would reduce profitability, as the company operates stores in 20+ non-U.S. markets



Tiffany's

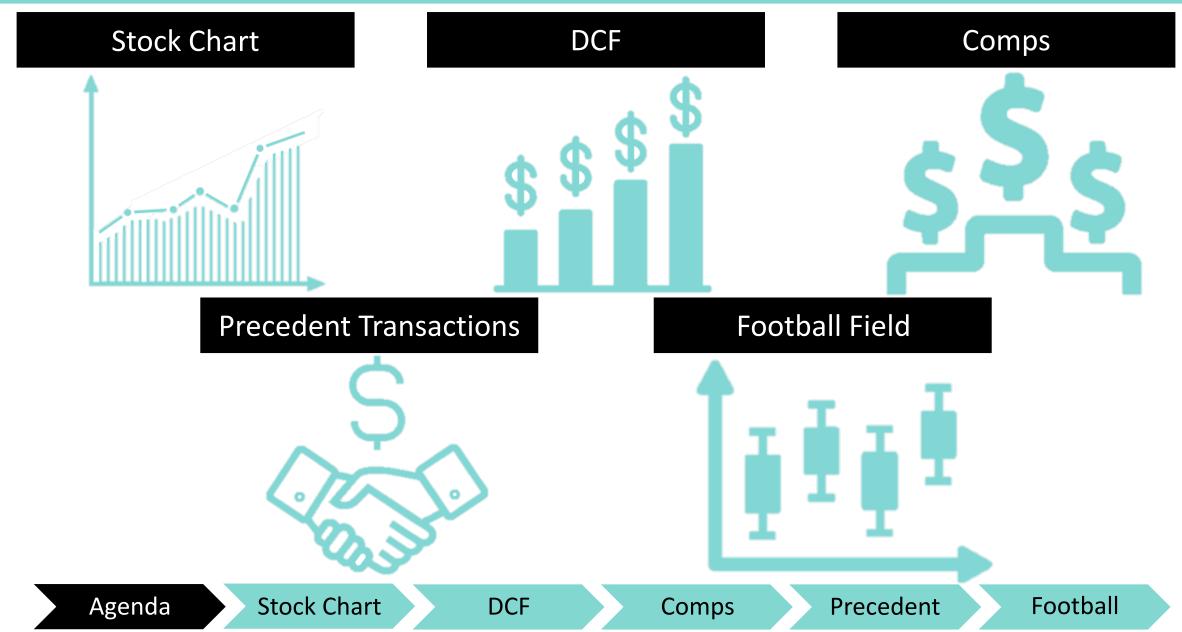
Potential political activities or regional instability following Election Day can disrupt local consumer spending

Quantitative Analysis

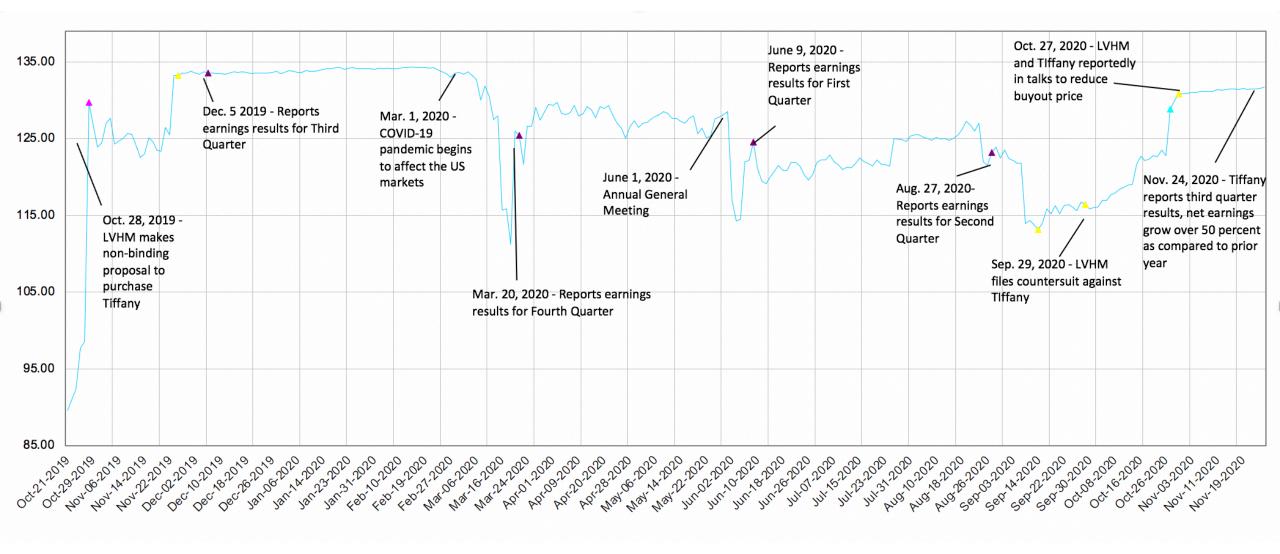




Quantitative Analysis



Tiffany & Co. Stock Chart



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Discounted Cash Flow

Free Cash Flow Buildup											
\$mm	Projected Annual Forecast										
	2021P		2022P		2023P		2024P		2025P		
Period	1		2		3		4		5		
Total Revenues	\$ 4,200.00		\$4,800.0		\$5,520.0	\$	6,348.00		\$7,300.2		
EBITDA	\$662.1		\$982.6		\$1,049.5		\$952.2		\$1,168.0		
EBIT	\$393.4		\$721.4		\$800.7		\$896.8		\$1,035.8		
Tax rate	21.0%		21.0%		21.0%		21.0%		21.0%		
EBIAT	 \$310.8		\$569.9		\$632.6		\$708.5		\$818.3		
Depreciation & Amortization	\$288.9		\$309.1		\$330.8		\$353.9		\$378.7		
Accounts receivable	\$ 214.30	\$	231.50	\$	248.80	\$	268.10	\$	288.60		
Inventories	\$ 2,683.91		2,871.8		3,087.2		3,311.0		3,555.2		
Prepaid expenses	\$ 344.40	\$	375.30	\$	407.20	\$	442.80	\$	481.00		
(Accounts payable)	\$ 470.60	\$	508.20	\$	546.40	\$	588.70	\$	633.60		
(Accrued expenses)	133.0		147.6		163.1		180.7		199.8		
(Capital expenditures)	\$ (228.50)	\$	(185.09)	\$	(149.92)	\$	(121.43)	\$	(98.36)		
Unlevered free cash flows	\$ 753.58	\$	880.30	\$	902.37	\$	965.04	\$	1,056.56		
Discount Rate (WACC)	5.6%		5.6%		5.6%		5.6%		5.6%		
Present value of free cash flows	\$713.4		\$789.0		\$765.7		\$775.2		\$803.5		

Sum of present values of FCFs

Terminal Value	
Growth in perpetuity method:	0.0
Long term growth rate	3.0%
WACC	5.6%
Free cash flow (t+1)	803.5
Terminal Value	31,479.3
Present Value of Terminal Value	\$23,939.2

Enterprise Value to Equity Value	
Enterprise Value	 \$27,785.9
Less: Net debt	2,652.9
Equity Value	 \$25,133.0
Diluted Shares Outstanding	121.4
Equity Value Per Share	\$ 207.01

			Perpeti	uity Growth Rate	•	
		2.0%	2.5%	3.0%	3.5%	4.0%
	4.6%	225.51	277.25	360.74	518.18	925.94
Ų	5.1%	182.33	216.05	265.61	345.59	496.43
AC	5.6%	151.29	174.70	207.01	254.50	331.14
>	6.1%	127.97	144.97	167.41	198.38	243.89
	6.6%	109.87	122.64	138.94	160.44	190.13

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\$3,846.7

Comparable Companies Analysis

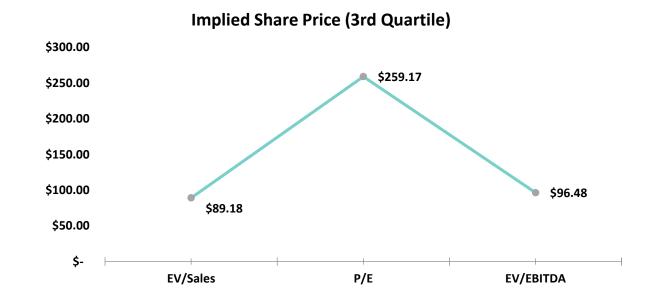
	Market Data					Financial Data						Valuation		
Company Name	Stock Price	Ma	arket Cap	En	terprise Value		Revenue		EBITDA	N	et Income	EV/Sales	EV/EBITDA	Price/Earnings
Signet Jewelers	31.43 USD	\$	1,629	\$	4,046	\$	5,081.1	\$	227.4	\$	(127.2)	0.80x	17.79x	
Pandora A/S	649.20 DKK	\$	64,319	\$	70,922	\$	19,074.0	\$	5,181.0	\$	1,885.0	3.72x	13.69x	34.12x
Envela Corporation	4.37 USD	\$	116	\$	126	\$	107.4	\$	6.9	\$	5.5	1.17x	18.28x	21.05x
Lao Feng Xiang Co	47.92 CNY	\$	19,149	\$	24,208	\$	51,366.5	\$	2,832.4	\$	1,474.8	0.47x	8.55x	12.98x
Burberry Group	17.22 GBP	\$	6,943	\$	7,496	\$	2,229.6	\$	362.1	\$	20.7	3.36x	20.70x	335.39x
3rd Quartile												3.36x	18.28x	109.44x

Target Company	Stock Price	Market Cap	Enterprise Value	Shares Outstanding	EPS	Revenue	EBITDA	Net Income	Net Debt	
Tiffany & Co	131.72 USD	\$ 15,992.3	\$ 17,472.2	121.4	\$ 2.37	\$ 3,668.70	\$ 723.40	\$ 287.50	\$	1,507.00

Valuation: Tiffany & Co	Implied	Share Price
Price/Earnings	\$	259.17
EV/Sales	\$	89.18
EV/EBITDA	\$	96.48
Average:	\$	148.28

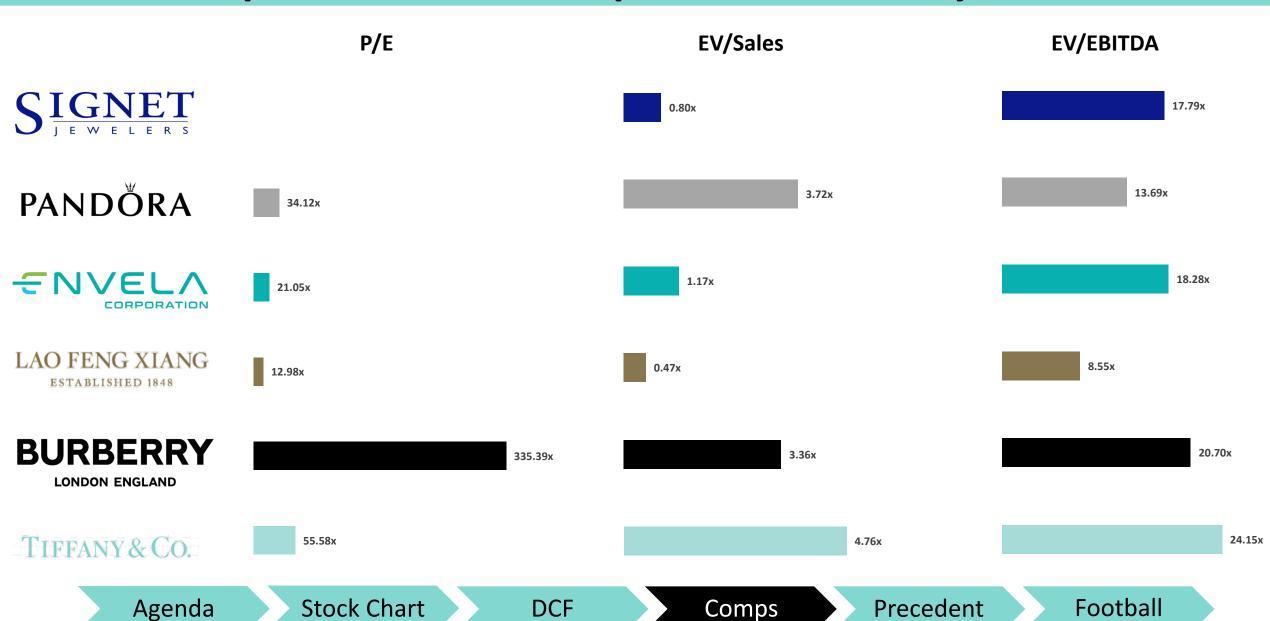
Implied Share Price:

\$148.28



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Comparable Companies Analysis



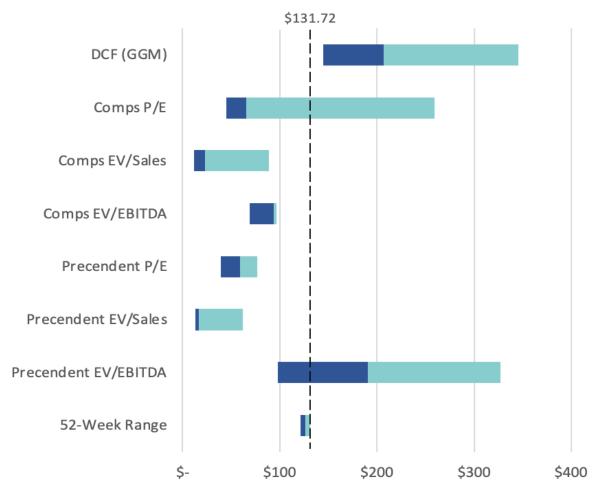
Precedent Transactions Analysis

Precedent	Transactions An	alysis									
Accouncement Date	Aquirer Name	Target Name	Equity Value	Net Debt	Enterprise Value	Sales	EBITDA	Net Income	EV to Sales	EV to EBITDA	Price to Earnings
2017/7/25	Capri Holdings	Jimmy Choo	\$ 1,200	\$ 139	\$ 1,339	\$ 392.5	\$ 23.5	\$ 56.9	0.29x	56.98x	21.09x
2017/5/8	Tapestry	Kate Spade	\$ 2,776	\$ 45	\$ 2,821	\$ 1,359.2	\$ 119.7	\$ 209.5	0.48x	23.57x	13.25x
2017/4/30	LVMH	Christian Dior	\$ 13,100	\$ 5,455	\$ 18,555	\$ 55,423.0	\$ 23,513.0	\$ 2,966.0	2.99x	0.79x	4.42x
			in millions	in millions	in millions	in millions	in millions	in millions			
								Min	0.29x	0.79x	4.42x
Company Being	Valued	Last Price	\$131.72					1st Quartile	0.39x	12.18x	8.83x
Equity Value		Shares		Im	plied Price F	Range	ĺ	Median	0.48x	23.57x	13.25x
Multiples	Metric	Outstanding	EPS	1st Quartile	Median	3rd Quartile	1	3rd Quartile	1.73x	40.27x	17.17x
Net Income	\$ 541.1	121.4	\$ 4.46	\$ 39.37	\$ 59.06	\$ 76.53	1	Max	2.99x	56.98x	21.09x
							•				
Enterprise		Shares	Total	Cash &	Net	Implied E	Interprise Val	ue Range	Impl	ied Price R	ange
Value Multiples	Metric	Outstanding	Debt	Equivalents	Debt	1st Quartile	Median	3rd Quartile	1st Quartile	Median	3rd Quartile
Sales	\$ 4,424.0	121.4	\$ 997	\$ 875	\$ 122	1714.02161	\$ 2,131.24	\$ 7,672.77	\$ 13.11	\$ 16.55	\$ 62.19
EBITDA	\$ 988.5	121.4	\$ 997	\$ 875	\$ 122	\$ 12,039.84	#######	########	\$ 98.16	\$190.90	\$ 326.90

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Valuation Football Field

Football Field Analysis



Implied Share Price									
		Value	Weight						
DCF (GGM)	\$	207.01	40%						
Comps		148.28	30%						
Precedent		88.84	30%						

Implied Share Price:	\$ 153.94
Current Share Price:	\$ 131.72



TIFFANY&CO.

Football

Note: Current Price as of 11/27/20 close

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